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SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/749,936	BREWER ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Susan F. Rayyan	2167				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 Oc</u>	ctober 2006					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
7—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4) 🖾	Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5)							
6)🖂							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		g g				
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
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3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application				

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Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-32 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

With regard to Applicants' arguments that prior art of record does not teach "without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of query submission" Examiner finds Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with providing the user with an updated query result each time a defined query related character is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

DETAILED ACTION

2. Claims 1-32 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which

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said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-3, 6-7,10-15,17-21,23-25,27-28,30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent Number 6,564,213 issued to Ruben E. Ortega et al ("Ortega") and US 2004/0143564 issued to William Gross et al.

As per independent claim 1 Ortega teaches:

- a) defining one or more query related character patterns that do not include an explicit indicator of query submission (Figure 2A, Ref.No. 60, user types in SO); b) monitoring entry of query defining characters by a user to detect entry of a defined query related character pattern (Figure 2A, displays the autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SO");
- c) providing the user with one or more suggested query refinement options each

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time a defined query related character pattern is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission (Figure 2A, Reference No. 62, autocompletion strings (refinement options), Figure 2A-2B and column 5, lines 23-36, Figure 2A displays the autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SO" and at Figure 2B the display shows the incrementally updated autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SONY" and column 5, lines 46-51, user initiates search without moving stylus););

Ortega does not explicitly teach providing the user with an updated query result each time a defined query related character is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission. Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with providing the user with an updated query result each time a defined query related character is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

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As per claim 2, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches:

further comprising tracking queries entered by one or more users and adjusting the suggested query refinement options based on a history of queries previously entered by the one or more users (column 2, lines 20-24 and column 3, lines 10-12).

As per claim 3, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: further comprising tracking results selected by one or more users and adjusting the suggested query refinement options based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users (column 2, lines 30-35, most popular items in the database).

As per claim 6, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein one defined query related character pattern is a string of characters followed by a space (Figure 2B).

As per claim 7, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein one query related character pattern is a string of characters followed by a predefined time delay before additional characters are entered (column 2, lines 20-25).

As per claim 10, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: further comprising providing a user input that allows the user to adjust the query related character patterns (Figure 2A Reference 60).

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As per claim 11, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein the updated query result list includes result listings from a user hard drive, an intranet server, and an Internet server (column 3, line 25-35).

Claim 12 is rejected based on the same rationale as claim 1.

As per independent claim 13 Ortega teaches:

- a) providing a user with one or more query refinement options as the user enters query defining characters (Figure 2A, Reference No. 62, autocompletion strings (refinement options), Figure 2A-2B and column 5, lines 23-36, Figure 2A displays the autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SO" and at Figure 2B the display shows the incrementally updated autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SONY");
- b) detecting entry of a query defining word by the user without requiring a user to provide an explicit indicator of query submission(Figure 2B, displays results of the detecting(refinement options) for "SONY" and column 5, lines 46-51, user initiates search without moving stylus);).

Ortega does not explicitly teach providing the user with an updated query results each time entry of a query defining word is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission. Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and

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paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with providing the user with an updated query result each time entry of a query defining word is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

As per claim 14, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: further comprising tracking queries entered by one or more users and adjusting the suggested query refinement options based on a history of queries previously entered by the one or more users(column 2, lines 20-24 and column 3, lines 10-12)..

As per claim 15, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: comprising tracking results selected by one or more users and adjusting the suggested query refinement options based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users(column 2, lines 30-35, most popular items in the database).

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As per claim 17, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein one defined query related character pattern is a string of characters followed by a space(Figure 2B).

As per claim 18, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein one query related character pattern is a string of characters followed by a predefined time delay before additional characters are entered (column 2, lines 20-25).

As per claim 19, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches:

wherein the updated query result list includes result listings from a user hard
drive, an intranet server, and an internet server(column 3, line 25-35).

Claim 20 is rejected based on the same rationale as claim 13.

As per independent claim 21 Ortega teaches:

- a) providing a user with auto-complete alternatives as the user enters query defining characters (Figure 2A, Reference No. 62, autocompletion strings (refinement options), Figure 2A-2B and column 5, lines 23-36, Figure 2A displays the autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SO" and at Figure 2B the display shows the incrementally updated autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SONY");
- b) detecting entry of a completed query defining word by the user (Figure 2B, displays results of the detecting (refinement options) for "SONY");

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d) providing the user with query refinement options related to the query defining word without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission (Figure 2B, displays autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SONY" and column 5, lines 46-51, user initiates search without moving stylus); e) determining whether the user selects a provided query refinement option (column 5, lines 37-40, selecting and submitting the autocompletion strings (selected refinement option) for searching).

Ortega does not explicitly teach providing the user with a query result list each time a query defining word is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of query submission and providing the user with an updated query result list when it is determined that the user has selected a provided query refinement option. Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with providing the user with a query result list each time a query defining word is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of query submission and providing the user with an updated query result list when it is determined that the user has selected a provided query refinement option to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

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As per claim 23, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein the updated query result list includes result listings from a user hard drive, an intranet server, and an Internet server(column 3, line 25-35).

Claim 24 is rejected based on the same rationale as claim 21.

As per independent claim 25 Ortega teaches:

- a) a query entry text box for entering query defining characters (Figure 2A, search box, Ref.No. 60);
- b) a query refinement option list of user selectable query refinement options(
 Figure 2A, Reference No. 62, autocompletion strings (refinement options)) that
 is incrementally updated as a query is entered into the query entry text box...
 (Figure 2A- 2B and column 5, lines 23-36, Figure 2A displays the autocompletion
 strings (refinement options) for "SO" and at Figure 2B the display shows the
 incrementally updated autocompletion strings (refinement options) for "SONY",
 user can initiate search without moving stylus away from the selected string).

Ortega does not explicitly teach a query result list that is incrementally updated as a query is entered into the query box without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission. Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on

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the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with a query result list that is incrementally updated as a query is entered into the query box without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

As per claim 27, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: further comprising a user selectable search icon for manually executing a query defined by characters in the query entry text box (Figure 2A, Ref. No. 66).

As per claim 28, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein the query refinement option list is semi-transparent (Figure 2A, Ref. No. 62).

As per independent claim 30 Ortega teaches:

- a) a user input device enabling input of query defining text characters(Figure 2A, search box, Ref.No. 60);
- b) a display (Figure 1);
- c) a data content that is searchable (column 2, lines 10-15, searchable database);
- d) a memory in which machine instructions are stored (Figure 1);
- e) a processor that is coupled to the user input device, to the display, to the data

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content, and to the memory, the processor executing the machine instructions to carry out a plurality of functions (Figure 1), including:

- i) defining one or more query related character patterns that do not include an explicit indicator of query submission (column 2, lines 6-8, generating autocompletion strings datasets);
- ii) monitoring entry of query defining characters by a user to detect entry of a defined query related character pattern (column 5, lines 27-29, query entered and suggested autocompletion strings (character pattern) are displayed).

Ortega does not explicitly teach searching the data content and providing the user with an updated query result when a ... query ... is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of query submission. Gross does teach this limitation (paragraph 10, lines 6-11, as immediately after each character in a search sting is entered by the user the user receives immediate feedback and paragraph 13, lines 4-14) to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with searching the data content and providing the user with an updated query result when a ... query ... is detected without requiring the user to provide the explicit indicator of query submission to provide the explicit indicator of the query submission to provide immediate feedback and so can decide on the desirability of entering additional search characters (paragraph 181, lines 5-9).

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As per claim 31, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein the searchable database resides on one or more remote computers and data used to define the one or more query related character patterns resides on a user terminal (column 3, lines 5-15, column 4, lines 36-40).

As per claim 32, same as claim arguments above and Ortega teaches: wherein the data content includes data stored on a user hard drive, data stored on an intranet server, and data stored on an Internet server(column 3, line 25-35).

Claims 4,16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent Number 6,564,213 issued to Ruben E. Ortega et al ("Ortega") and US 2004/0143564 issued to William Gross et al. in view of US Patent Number 6,006225 issued to Dwayne E. Bowman et al ("Bowman").

As per claim 4, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach further comprising tracking results selected by one or more users and adjusting an order of the updated query result list based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users. Bowman does teach this limitation at column 7, lines 45-50 to produce a successful query result at column 2, lines 44-46. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with tracking results selected by one or

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more users and adjusting an order of the updated query result list based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users to produce a successful query result at column 2, lines 44-46.

As per claim 16, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach tracking results selected by one or more users and adjusting an order of the updated query result list based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users. Bowman does teach this limitation at column 7, lines 45-50 to produce a successful query result at column 2, lines 44-46. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega with tracking results selected by one or more users and adjusting an order of the updated query result list based on a history of results previously selected by the one or more users to produce a successful query result at column 2, lines 44-46.

Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent Number 6,564,213 issued to Ruben E. Ortega et al ("Ortega") and US 2004/0143564 issued to William Gross et al. in view of US Patent Application Publication Number 2002/0156917 issued to Timothy G. Nye ("Nye").

As per claim 8, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach ... characteristics of a client-server connection. Nye does teach this limitation (at paragraph 10, speed of connection) to efficiently search and

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transfer files (paragraph 10, lines 3-5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross with characteristics of a client-server connection to efficiently search and transfer files (paragraph 10, lines 3-5).

As per claim 9, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach wherein one characteristic of the client-server connection is connection speed and ... occur more frequently as said connection speed increases. Nye does teach this limitation (at paragraph 10, speed of connection) to efficiently search and transfer files (paragraph 10, lines 3-5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross characteristic of the client-server connection is connection speed and ... more frequently as said connection speed increases to efficiently search and transfer files (paragraph 10, lines 3-5).

Claims 5, 22, 26, 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent Number 6,564,213 issued to Ruben E. Ortega et al ("Ortega") and US 2004/0143564 issued to William Gross et al. in view of US Patent Application Publication Number 2006/0129915 issued to Ning-Ping Chan ("Chan").

As per claim 5, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach further comprising providing a visual indicator to the user when an updated query result list is provided to the user. Chan does teach this limitation

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at (paragraph 54, blinking search results) to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross with a visual indicator to the user when an updated query result list is provided to the user to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114.

As per claim 22, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach further comprising providing a visual indicator to the user when an updated query result list is provided to the user. Chan does teach this limitation at (paragraph 54, blinking search results) to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross with providing a visual indicator to the user when an updated query result list is provided to the user to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114.

As per claim 26, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach further comprising a visual indicator that indicates when the query result list is updated. Chan does teach this limitation at (paragraph 54, blinking search results) to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross with a visual indicator that indicates when the query result list is updated to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114.

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As per claim 29, same as claim arguments above and Ortega and Gross do not explicitly teach wherein the query result list is animated for a predetermined period of time after the query result list is updated. Chan does teach this limitation at (paragraph 54, blinking search results) to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Ortega and Gross with teach wherein the query result list is animated for a predetermined period of time after the query result list is updated to provide a visual cue at paragraph 114.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Contact Information

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susan Rayyan whose telephone number is (571) 272-1675. The examiner can normally be reached M-F: 8am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cottingham can be reached on (571) 272-7079. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Susan Rayyan

December 18, 2006

JOHN GOTTINGHAM
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER